DISTRICT LEVEL I PUC ANNUAL EXAMINATION FEB - 2020

Time: 3 Hrs. 15 Mins.

Sub: MATHEMATICS (35)

Max. Marks: 100

General Instructions:

- The question paper has Five parts, namely A, B, C, D and E. Answer all the parts.
- 2. Use the graph sheet for the question on linear inequalities in Part D

Part - A

I. Answer ALL the following questions:

 $10 \times 1 = 10$

- 1. Write the set $\{x: x \in R, -4 < x \le 6\}$ as interval.
- 2. If $\left(\frac{x}{3}+1, y-\frac{2}{3}\right)=\left(\frac{5}{3},\frac{1}{3}\right)$ find the value of x.
- 3. If $\cot x = \frac{3}{4}$ and x lies in the third quadrant, find $\sin x$.
- 4. Find the multiplicative inverse of 2-3i.
- 5. Find 'n' if " $C_x = "C_2$.
- 6. Find the fifth term of the sequence defined by $a_n = \frac{2n-3}{6}$.
- 7. Find the slope of line passing through the points, (3,2) and (-1,4).
- 8. Evaluate $\lim_{x\to 0} \left[\frac{e^{4x}-1}{x} \right]$.
- 9. Identify the quantifier in the statement, "There exist a number which is equal to its square".
- 10. Define sample space of a random experiment.

Part - B

II. Answer any TEN of the following questions:

 $10 \times 2 = 20$

- 11. Taking the set of natural number as universal set, write down the complement of the set $\{x: x+5=8\}$.
- 12. If $A = \{3, 5, 7, 9, 11\}$ $B = \{7, 9, 11, 13\}$ and $C = \{11, 13, 15\}$ find $A \cap (B \cup C)$.
- 13. Let $A = \{1, 2\}$ and $B = \{3, 4\}$. Write $A \times B$. How many subsets will $A \times B$ have?
- 14. Find the radius of the circle in which a central angle of 60° intercepts an arc of length 37.4 cm

$$\left(use \ \pi = \frac{22}{7}\right).$$

15. Prove that $\sin^2 \frac{\pi}{6} + \cos^2 \frac{\pi}{3} - \tan^2 \frac{\pi}{4} = \frac{-1}{2}$.

- 16. Solve $2x^2 + x + 1 = 0$.
- 17. Solve 3x-2 < 2x+1. Show the graph of the solution on number line.
- 18. Find the equation of the line parallel to the line 3x 4y + 2 = 0 and passing through the point (-2,3).
- 19. Find the angle between the lines $\sqrt{3}x + y = 1$ and $x + \sqrt{3}y = 1$.
- 20. Show that the points (-2,3,5) (1,2,3) and (7,0,-1) are collinear.
- **21.** Evaluate $\lim_{x \to 1} \left[\frac{x^{15} 1}{x^{10} 1} \right]$.
- 22. Write the converse and contrapositive of the statement, "If a number in is even then n2 is even".
- 23. If the co-efficient of variation of the distribution is 60 and it's standard deviation is 21. Find the arithmetic mean of the distribution.
- 24. Events E and F are such that $P(not\ E\ or\ not\ F)=0.25$. State whether E and F are mutually exclusive.

Part - C

III. Answer any TEN of the following questions:

 $10 \times 3 = 30$

- 25. There are 200 individuals with a skin disorder, 120 had been exposed to the chemical C₁, 50 to chemical C₂ and 30 to both the chemicals C₁ and C₂. Find the number of individuals exposed to
 - (i) Chemical C₁ or Chemical C₂.
 - (ii) Chemical C₁ but not Chemical C₂
- **26.** Let $f,g:R\to R$ be defined, respectively by $f(x)=x+1,\ g(x)=2x-3$.

Find (i)
$$f + g$$
 (ii) $f - g$ (iii) $\frac{f}{g}$

27. Find the general solution of the equation $2\cos^2 x + 3\sin x = 0$.

28. If
$$x - iy = \sqrt{\frac{a - ib}{c - id}}$$
, prove that $(x^2 + y^2)^2 = \frac{a^2 + b^2}{c^2 + d^2}$.

- 29. Convert the complex number Z = -1 + i in polar form.
- Find the number of different 8 letters arrangements that can be made from the letters of the word "DAUGHTER" so that
 - (i) All vowels occur together
 - (ii) All vowels do not occur together.
- 31. Find the term independent of x in the expansion of $\left(\frac{3x^2}{2} \frac{1}{3x}\right)^6$.
- 32. Insert 6 numbers between 3 and 24 such that the resulting sequence is an A.P.
- 33. The sum of first three terms of a G.P. is $\frac{39}{10}$ and their product is 1. Find the common ratio.
- 34. Find the centre and radius of the circle $x^2 + y^2 8x + 10y 12 = 0$.

- 35. Find the derivative of $\sin x'$ with respect to x, from first principles.
- 36. Verify by the method of contradiction that " $\sqrt{7}$ is irrational".
- 37. A committee of two persons is selected from two men and two women. What is the probability that the committee will have (a) no men (b) one man (c) two men.
- 38. A and B are events such that P(A) = 0.42, P(B) = 0.48 and P(A and B) = 0.16. Determine (i) P(not A) (ii) P(not B) (iii) P(A or B).

Part - D

IV. Answer any SIX of the following questions:

 $6 \times 5 = 30$

- 39. Define signum function. Draw the graph of it and write down its domain and range.
- 40. Prove that $\frac{\sin 5x 2\sin 3x + \sin x}{\cos 5x \cos x} = \tan x$.
- 41. Prove by mathematical induction $1^{1} + 2^{3} + 3^{3} + \dots + n^{3} = \frac{n^{2}(n+1)^{2}}{4}, \forall n \geq N$
- 42. Solve the inequalities graphically, $5x + 4y \le 20$, $x \ge 1$, $y \ge 2$.
- 43. A committee of 7 has to be formed from 9 boys and 4 girls. In how many ways can this be done when the committee consists of (i) Exactly 3 girls (ii) At least 3 girls? (iii) atmost 3 girls?
- 44. State and prove Binomial theorem for positive integral index.
- 45. Derive the formula of distance of a point $P(x_1, y_1)$ from the line Ax + By + C = 0.
- 46. Derive the formula to find the coordinates of a point that divides the line joining the points $A(x_1, y_1, z_1)$ and $B(x_2, y_2, z_2)$ internally in the ratio m:n.
- 47. Prove geometrically that $\lim_{x\to 0} \frac{\sin x}{x} = 1$, where x is measured in radians.

48. Calculate the mean deviation about the mean for the following data:

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	Marks obtained	10-20	20-30	30-40	40-50	50-60	60-70	70-80
	Number of students	2	3	8	14	8	3	2

Part - E

V. Answer any ONE of the following questions:

 $1 \times 10 = 10$

- 49. (a) Prove Geometrically that $\cos(x + y) = \cos x \cdot \cos y \sin x \cdot \sin y$. Hence show that $\cos 2x = \cos^2 x \sin^2 x$ [6M]
 - (b) Find the sum to 'n' terms of the series $3 \times 8 + 6 \times 11 + 9 \times 14 + \dots$ [4M]
- 50. (a) Define ellipse as a set of points. Derive its equation in the form $\frac{x^2}{a^2} + \frac{y^2}{b^2} = 1$ [6M]
 - (b) Find the derivative of $\frac{\cos x}{1 + \sin x}$ w.r.t. x. [4M]

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