

ಒಟ್ಟು ಮುದ್ರಿತ ಪುಟಗಳ ಸಂಖ್ಯೆ : 8]
Total No. of Printed Pages : 8]
ಒಟ್ಟು ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗಳ ಸಂಖ್ಯೆ : 47]
Total No. of Questions : 47]

B

CCE RF
CCE RR

REVISED & UNREVISED

ಸಂಕೇತ ಸಂಖ್ಯೆ : **96-E**

Code No. : 96-E

Question Paper Serial No. **91**

ಇಲ್ಲಿಂದ ಕತ್ತರಿಸಿ

ವಿಷಯ : ಅರ್ಥಶಾಸ್ತ್ರ

Subject : ECONOMICS

(ಇಂಗ್ಲಿಷ್ ಭಾಷಾಂತರ / English Version)

(ಶಾಲಾ ಅಭ್ಯರ್ಥಿ & ಪುನರಾವರ್ತಿತ ಶಾಲಾ ಅಭ್ಯರ್ಥಿ / Regular Fresh & Regular Repeater)

ದಿನಾಂಕ : 04. 04. 2020]

[Date : 04. 04. 2020

ಸಮಯ : ಬೆಳಿಗ್ಗೆ 9-30 ರಿಂದ ಮಧ್ಯಾಹ್ನ-12-45 ರವರೆಗೆ] [Time : 9-30 A.M. to 12-45 P.M.

ಪರಮಾವಧಿ ಅಂಕಗಳು : 80]

[Max. Marks : 80

General Instructions to the Candidate :

1. This Question Paper consists of 47 objective and subjective types of questions.
2. This question paper has been sealed by reverse jacket. You have to cut on the right side to open the paper at the time of commencement of the examination. Check whether all the pages of the question paper are intact.
3. Follow the instructions given against both the objective and subjective types of questions.
4. Figures in the right hand margin indicate maximum marks.
5. The maximum time to answer the paper is given at the top of the question paper. It includes 15 minutes for reading the question paper.

TEAR HERE TO OPEN THE QUESTION PAPER
ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಪತ್ರಿಕೆಯನ್ನು ತೆರೆಯಲು ಇಲ್ಲಿ ಕತ್ತರಿಸಿ

I. *Four* choices are given for each of the following questions / incomplete statements. Only one of them is correct or most appropriate. Choose the correct answer and write the complete answer along with its letter of alphabet. 10 × 1 = 10

1. Black Diamond among the following is
 - (A) Charcoal
 - (B) Coal
 - (C) Copper
 - (D) Graphite.

2. The state which has highest density of population according to 2011 census in India is
 - (A) Bihar
 - (B) Arunachal Pradesh
 - (C) Karnataka
 - (D) Punjab.

3. Ryotwari system was introduced by
 - (A) Cornwallis
 - (B) William Bentinck
 - (C) Canning
 - (D) Thomas Munroe.

4. Regional Rural Banks were established to provide financial support to
 - (A) Bonded labourers
 - (B) Industrial labourers
 - (C) Small farmers
 - (D) Co-operative banks.

5. The sale of equity of public enterprises to private sector is called
 - (A) disinvestment
 - (B) investment
 - (C) sale
 - (D) purchase.

6. The Government of India has passed the Bonded Labour Abolition Act in the year
- (A) 1986 (B) 1976
(C) 1975 (D) 1985.
7. The Government of India introduced open sky policy in 1990 to
- (A) nationalise air transport in India
(B) allow private airlines to operate in the country
(C) make it the fastest means of transport
(D) make air transport more affordable.
8. The raw material used in the extraction of Aluminium metal is
- (A) Manganese (B) Mica
(C) Bauxite (D) Zinc.
9. Initially Green Revolution was restricted only for
- (A) wheat and cotton (B) cotton and sugarcane
(C) paddy and sugarcane (D) paddy and wheat.
10. The first railway in India was laid between
- (A) Bombay to Thane (B) Madras to Arakonam
(C) Calcutta to Raniganj (D) Bangalore to Madras.

II. 11. Match list A with list B and write it :

5 × 1 = 5

A

B

- | | |
|-----------------|----------------------|
| a) Tarapur | i) Karnataka |
| b) Kundan Kulam | ii) Gujarat |
| c) Narora | iii) Kerala |
| d) Kakrapar | iv) Uttar Pradesh |
| e) Kaiga | v) Tamil Nadu |
| | vi) Maharashtra |
| | vii) Andhra Pradesh. |

III. Answer the following questions in a word *or* sentence each : 15 × 1 = 15

12. There is a lack of political will to march towards development in underdeveloped economies. How ?
13. What was the main aim of National Population Policy, 1976 ?
14. What is Man Power Planning ?
15. Why was ceiling on land holdings regulations formed in India ?
16. The Government of India strengthened the institutional credit agencies at different stages. Why ?
17. What was the main objective of NABARD ?
18. What was the main reason to practise bonded labour ?

19. All the states have not enforced Minimum Wages act effectively in India. Why ?
20. What is poverty ?
21. What is transport ?
22. Why was Port Development Corporation established ?
23. Where is the Head Quarter of Reserve Bank of India ?
24. What is trade ?
25. What is Foreign Exchange ?
26. Under developed economies are very low in HDIs. Why ?

IV. Answer the following questions in about *three* to *four* sentences each :

14 × 2 = 28

27. Mention the reasons for the failure of Land Reforms in India.
28. Which are the demerits of money lenders ?
29. Write the characteristics of New Industrial Policy of 1991.
30. Which are the problems of industrial labour sector ?
31. Mention the reasons for poverty in India.

32. Which are the objectives of Integrated Rural Development Programme ?
33. Write the functions of Board for Financial Supervision.
34. India is the prime country in export of services. Why ?
35. How is Human Development Index measured ?
36. What is the role played by commercial banks in agricultural finance ?
37. Why are industrial estates established ?
38. Social and economic conditions of agricultural labourers are not good. Why ?
39. Which are the programmes undertaken by Mahatma Gandhi National Rural Employment Guarantee Programme ?
40. Why is death rate declined in India ?

V. Answer the following questions in about *five to six* sentences each :

6 × 3 = 18

41. What is the role of communication in economic development ?
42. Mention the factors in influencing density of population in India.

43. Which are the advantages of sprinkler irrigation ?
44. Why is foreign trade necessary for country like India ?
45. Write the characteristics of developed countries.
46. Why are District Industrial Centres established ?
- VI. Answer the following question in about *eight to ten* sentences : $1 \times 4 = 4$
47. Which are the main functions of Reserve Bank of India ?
-

